

Finally, Easy Integration Testing with Testcontainers



Featuring MicroProfile, MicroShed Testing, ...



Rudy De Busscher



Testcontainers

- Testing, really?
- Testcontainers features and how it works
- Demos
 - Basic
 - With MicroShed Testing
 - Very advanced interactions

Rudy De Busscher

- Payara
 - Service team
- Involved in
 - Committer of MicroProfile
 - Committer in Eclipse EE4J groups
 - Java EE Security API Expert group member

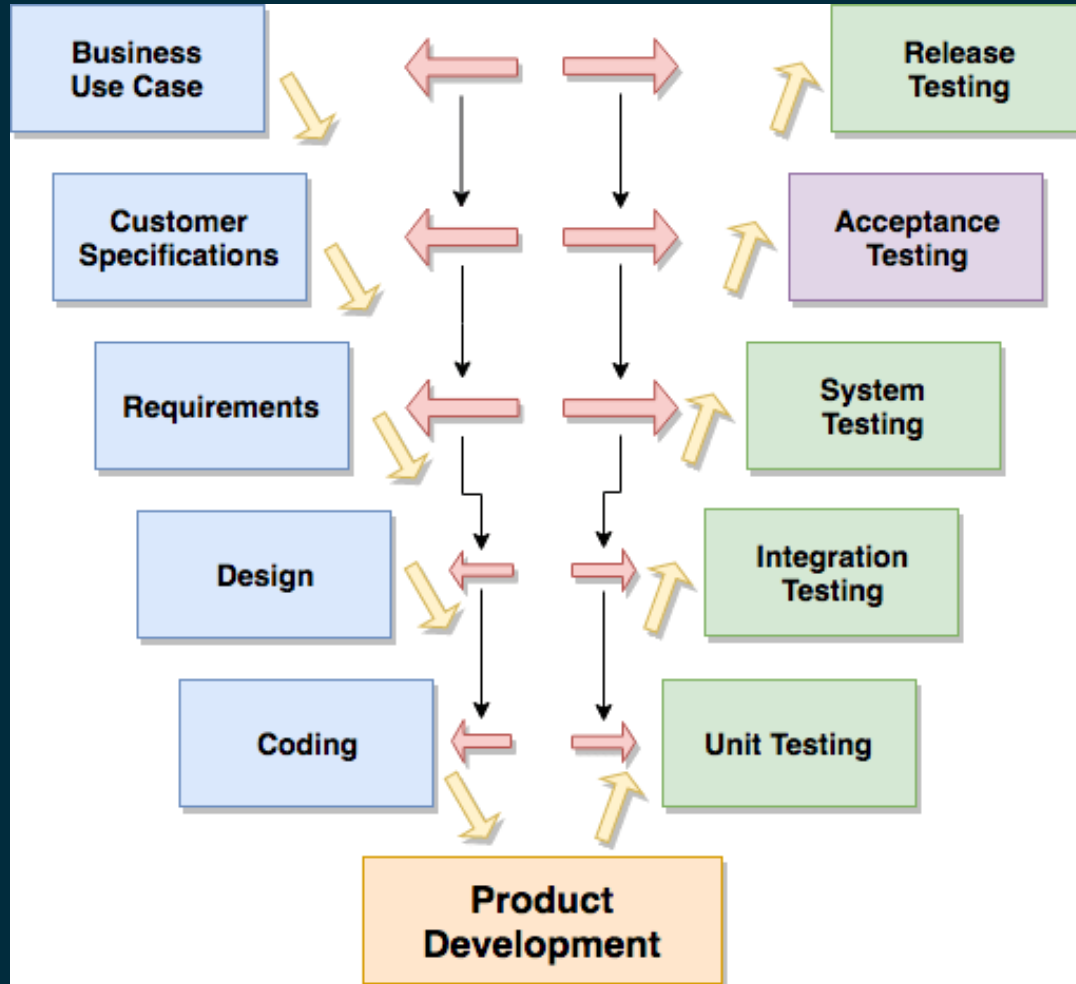


@rdebusscher



<https://blog.payara.fish/>
<https://www.atbash.be>

Types of Testing - Classic



- **Release:** Flawless and works as expected
- **Acceptance:** tested for acceptability
- **System :** Complete and *fully integrated* software product.
- **Integration :** individual units are combined and *tested as a group*.

Unit vs Integration Testing

- Unit Testing: Individual methods



- Fast, Easy



- Business relation

- Integration testing : Multiple components, systems, ...



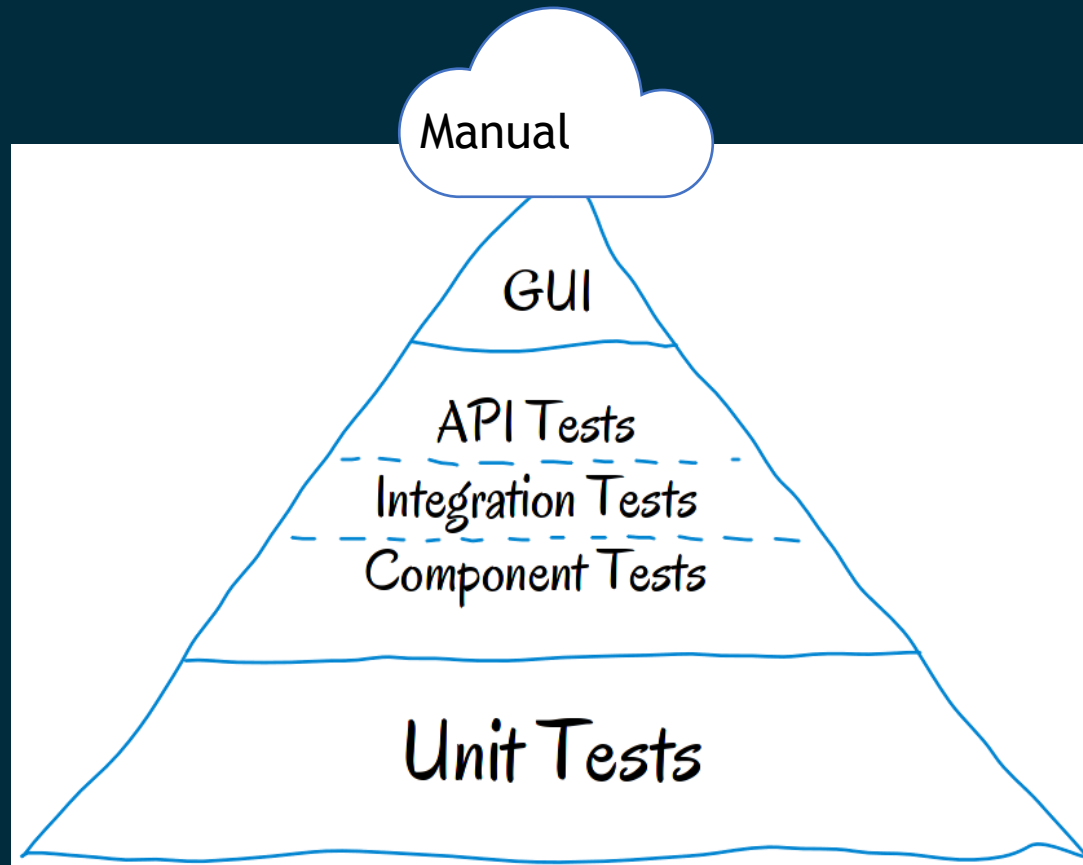
- Realistic



- Slow, Brittle, ...

Testing

- 10%
- 20%
- 70%



Integration Testing issues

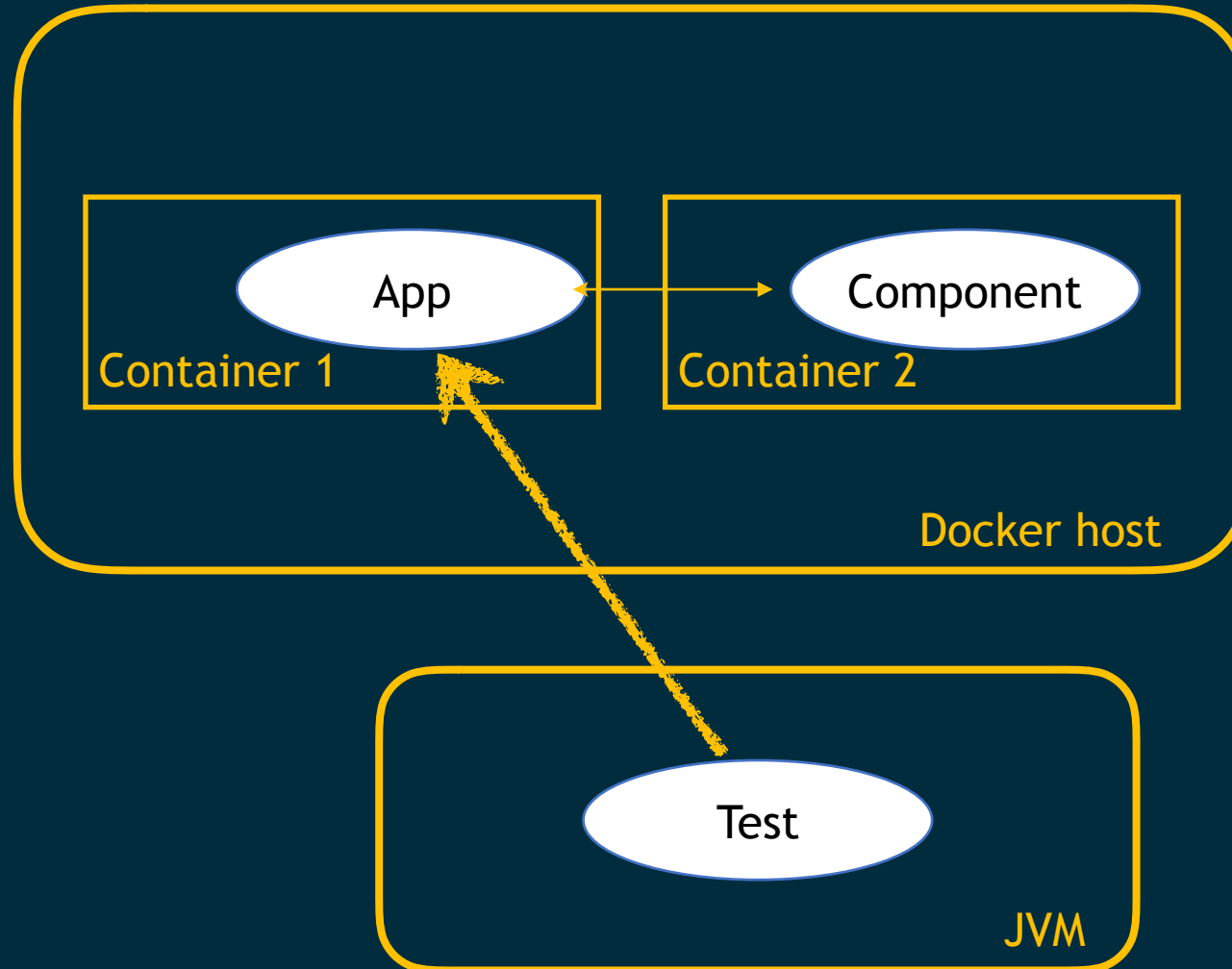


Testcontainers

- Components run in Docker Container.
- Easy Integration of components.
- No limitations on external dependencies.
- Complete control over components in test.



Testcontainers - Overview



Testcontainers - Usages

- Repeatable tests using real systems
 - Database, monitoring, ...
- Selenium to verify frontend of your application
- Simulating cluster on single computer
- Simulating network issues
- Manual testing / debugging realistic scenarios

Testcontainers - Example

```
@Testcontainers
public class TypicalTest {

    @Container
    private static PostgreSQLContainer postgresqlContainer = new PostgreSQLContainer()
        .withDatabaseName("foo")
        .withUsername("foo")
        .withPassword("secret");

    @Container
    private static GenericContainer<?> applicationContainer = new GenericContainer<>(dockerImageName: "my-app:v1")
        .waitingFor(Wait.forHttp(path: "/health"));

    @Test
    public void endpoint() throws IOException {
        String url = String.format("http://%s:%s/endpoint"
            , applicationContainer.getContainerIpAddress()
            , applicationContainer.getMappedPort(originalPort: 8080));
        String data;
        try (InputStream in = new URL(url).openStream()) {
            data = new Scanner(in, charsetName: "UTF-8").useDelimiter("\\A").next();
        }
        assertThat(data).|
    }
}
```

Testcontainers - Features

- Starts / configure Containers
- Wait strategy (http status, Log entry, ...)
- Predefined containers (Database, Kafka, Selenium, ...)
- Containers destroyed after test / JVM exit
- Highly extensible (JUnit 5)

Demo



- Plain Basic Testcontainer example
- MicroProfile - MicroShed testing
- Multiple services
- Advanced
 - Debugging
 - Clustering

Q & A

Thank You

Download the open source software:
<https://payara.fish/downloads>

Need support for the Payara Platform?
<https://payara.fish/support>